Delayed Onset Muscle Soreness

Delayed onset muscle soreness is

the aching feeling that sets in after 12 – 24 hours of dancing. The aching feeling is a side effect of the repair process. As your body heals, microscopic muscle-fiber tears.

Soreness comes from

Eccentric Muscle Contraction such as
landing jumps and

Concentric muscle contraction such as
doing too many releves

8 Ways to Deal with Delayed Onset Soreness

1. Eat anti-inflammatory foods that decrease the duration and intensity of muscle soreness

- Spices Cinnamon, Ginger, Turmeric, Clove, Cardamom (all are antiinflammatory)
- Cherry juice, tart Cherries
- Essential Fatty Acids fish oil, Cod Liver Oil, Flax seed oil, salmon, sardines, tuna, Cod, oysters
- Bone Broth has glutamine. Glutamine depletion contributes to aching muscles. Restoring with daily intake helps.

2. Stay well Hydrated

- o Consider how well a dry sponge works compared to a wet one.
- Consider that your muscles are like either the dry or moist sponge....you decide.

3. Eat within 30 minutes after dancing

- Eating some protein and a carbohydrate right after dancing helps to repair your muscle tissue.
 - Carbohydrates apples, crackers, carrots, celery, sweet potatoes, kale, Brussels sprouts, pineapple, mango, Berries
 - Protein egg, poultry, fish, meat, shellfish, game
 - Combinations (carbohydrate and protein) milk, beans, yogurt, peanut butter, cottage cheese, chocolate milk

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4. Use Body Work to help prevent soreness by keeping muscle fibers mobile

- Massage and self-massage (keep self-massage tools, like a foam roller, rolling stick and tennis ball with you in your dance bag.
- Acupuncture
- Physical Therapy

5. Pace yourself in Rehearsal

- Figure out how and when to use your energy (work smart as well as hard)
- Consider whether you are tired or stressed or whether you can push through. Consider drinking 4-8 oz juice or eating ½ an apple or an orange if you need some quick energy

6. Make sure you COOL DOWN

 Stretching out and bringing your body temperature down after rehearsing will prevent or lessen your muscles from tightening up through the night.



7. Elevate your legs to decrease swelling

- After rehearsing and forming the micro tears that cause delayed onset muscle soreness, your body sends blood to the micro tears as a means of repairing.
- Though this is a means of repair, it causes inflammation and may cause swelling
- Find your best anti-inflammatory process
 - Icing or heating
 - Experiment to determine which one feels best on your body (alternate between both as needed)
 - Be cautious with overusing ibuprofen and naproxen as they can mask injury and prolong treatment.

8. Sleep, Sleep and More Sleep



- Muscles have the best chance of recovery when you re sleeping
- Full healing comes from resting
- Aim for at least 6 hours of sleep. More is even better.
- Limit or avoid caffeine at night so you can get quality sleep.